

EE 445L Lab 7: Design and Layout of an Embedded System

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10/28/16

Requirements Document

1. Overview

1.1. Objectives:

The objectives of this project is to build the noise cancelling feature for headphones. We will adjust the sound emitted by the headphones to cancel out input sound from 2 mics.

1.2. Roles and Responsibilities:

Ashvin and Jake are the engineers and the TA, Dr. Valvano, and other EE 445L students are the clients. We will divide the work of this project evenly, splitting up working on the mic, headphone, switches, and screen interface. Both students are expected to understand all aspects of the design by the end of the project.

1.3. Interactions with Existing Systems:

The system will use the TM4C123 board and a solderless breadboard. It will be powered using the USB cable.

2. Function Description

2.1. Functionality:

The system will cancel sound from a particular direction for the user. The user will be able to toggle the sound cancellation and adjust distance and output amplitude. The mic will send an analog signal to the TM4C ADC. The microcontroller will then invert the input sound and apply a very precise delay to the sound which is then sent to the speaker and headphones as output. This will result in a much lower perceived DB rating from sounds originating in the direction the microphone is oriented. We will also need to properly scale the samples taken from the microphone to compensate for any flaws in our hardware as these measurements need to be very accurate to cancel the sound properly.

2.4. Performance:

The system will operate at a frequency of 128,000 samples per second in order to keep the physical tolerances high enough that we can easily manufacture the system ourselves. This allows a high degree of software adjustability to compensate for our relatively lacking physical fabrication tolerances (ie high sample rate means we don't need to place the mic and speaker within a certain range of micrometers as we can adjust the placement with software settings). We accomplish this by optimizing the sampling interrupts to as few cycles as possible so we can set the timing offsets as accurately as possible. It is possible we may set the sample rate to even higher if we can. We will use the native 12 bit DAC and ADC on the TM4C for our conversation, which will likely be our bottleneck

2.5. Usability:

There will be 4 switch inputs one to toggle the sound cancellation and two for adjusting the speaker/microphone distance setting, and one to calibrate silence. The DAC will be interfaced to a headphone jack and an ADC will be interfaced to 2 mics. A user could use this to block traffic noise, loud classmates or noisy construction.

3. Deliverables

3.1. Reports:

The reports for Labs 7 and 11 will be written.

3.2. Outcomes:

Lab 7 Outcome:

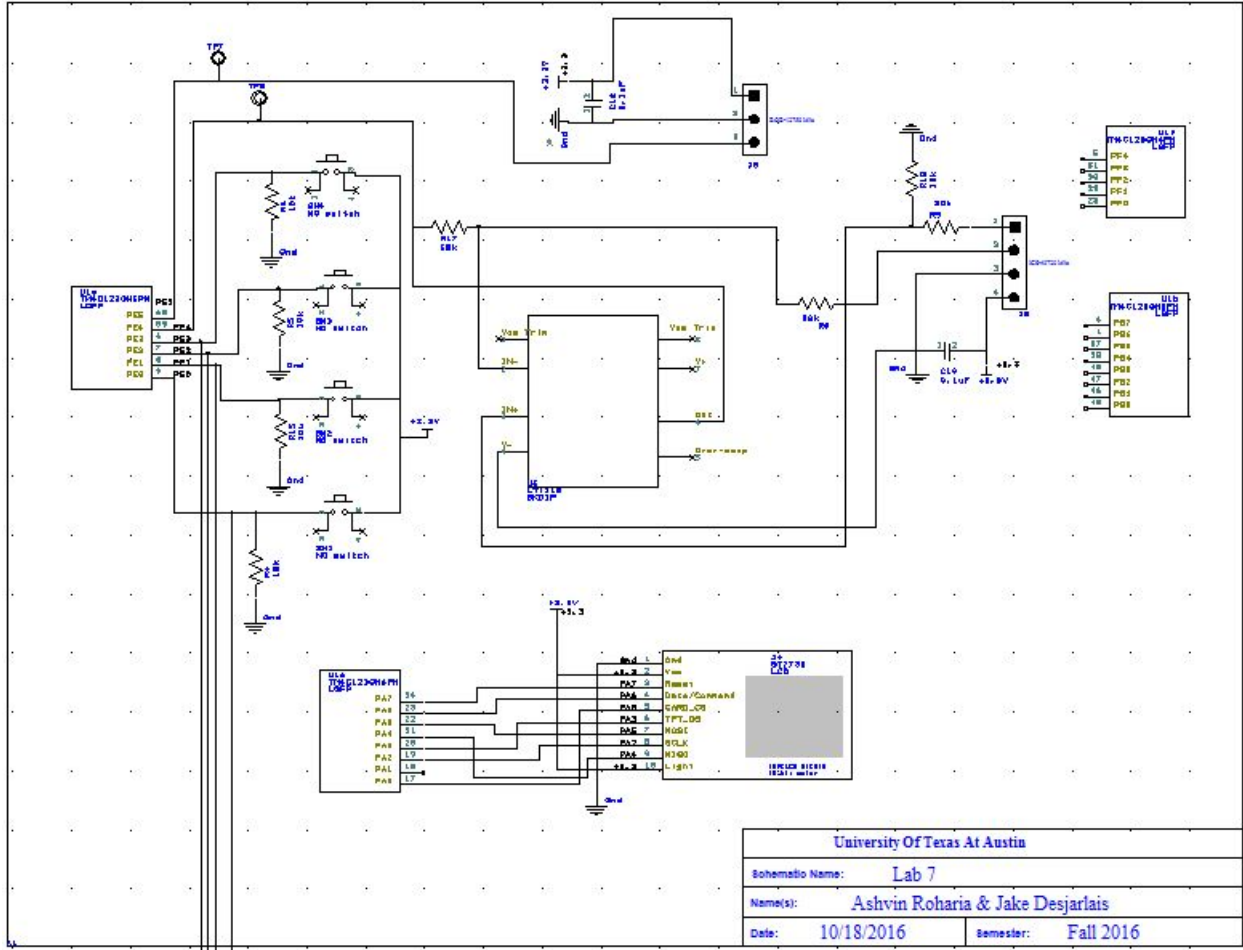
- A) Objectives
 - 1-page requirements document
- B) Hardware Design
 - Regular circuit diagram (SCH file)
 - PCB layout and three printouts (top, bottom and combined)
- C) Software Design
 - Include the requirements document (Preparation a)
- D) Measurement Data
 - Give the estimated current (Procedure d)
 - Give the estimated cost (Procedure e)

Lab 11 Outcome:

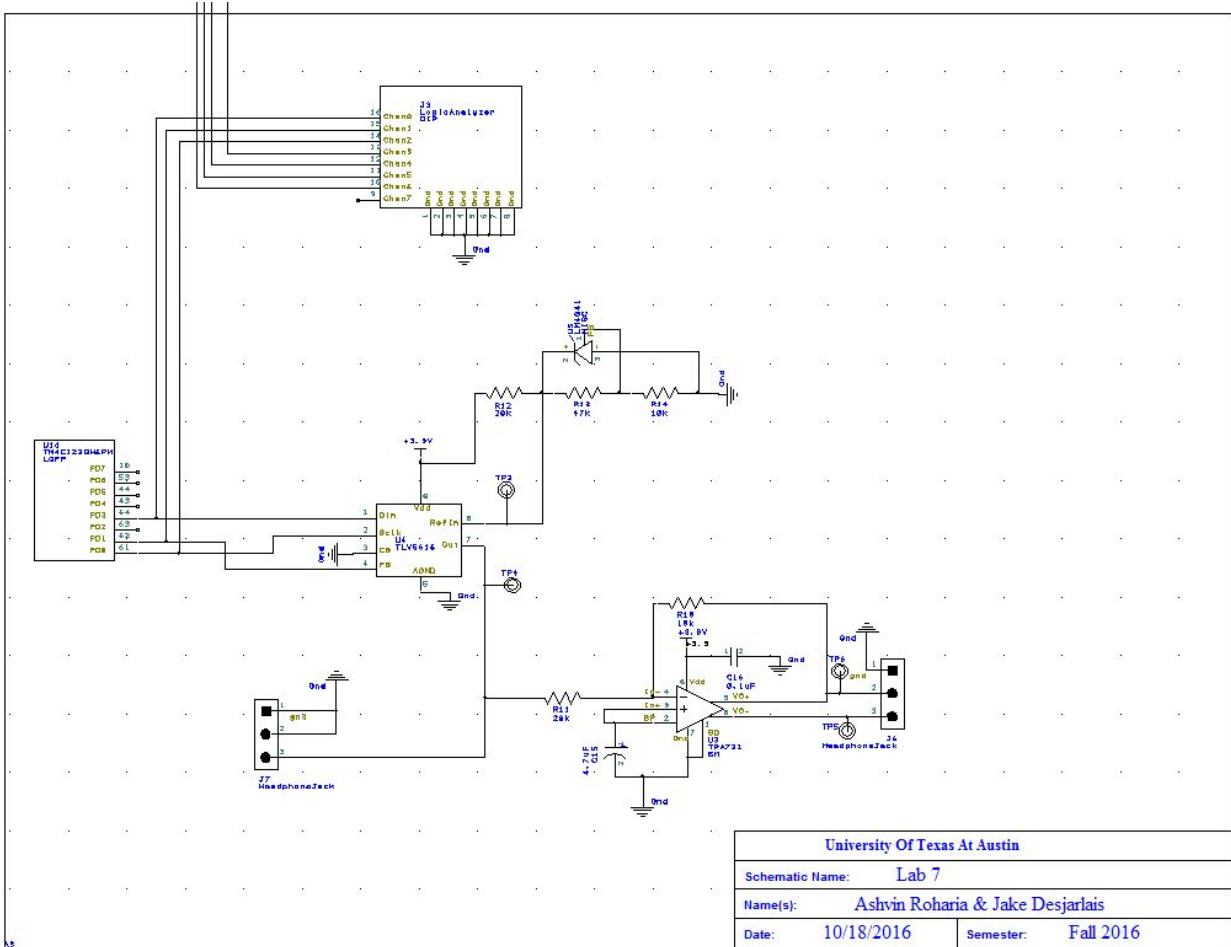
- A) Objectives
 - 2-page requirements document
- B) Hardware Design
 - Detailed circuit diagram of the system (from Lab 7)
- C) Software Design (no software printout in the report)
 - Briefly explain how your software works (1/2 page maximum)
- D) Measurement Data
 - Include data as appropriate for your system. Explain how the data was collected.

Hardware Design

Regular circuit diagram (SCH file)

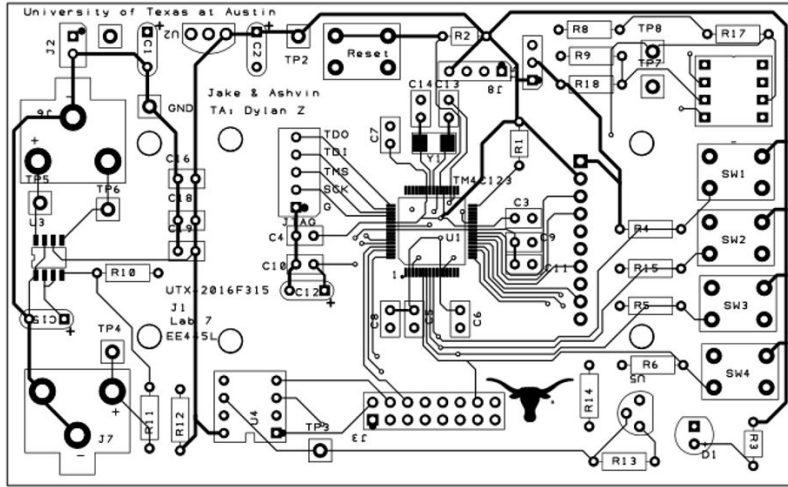


University Of Texas At Austin	
Schematic Name:	Lab 7
Name(s):	Ashvin Roharia & Jake Desjarlais
Date:	10/18/2016
Semester:	Fall 2016

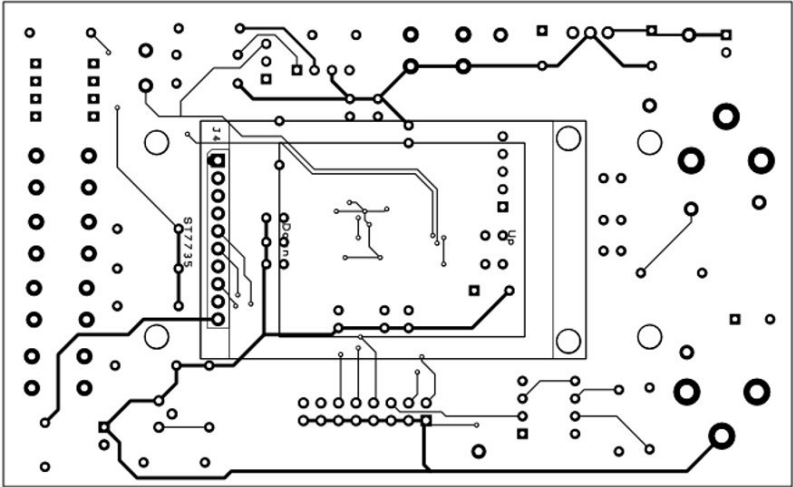


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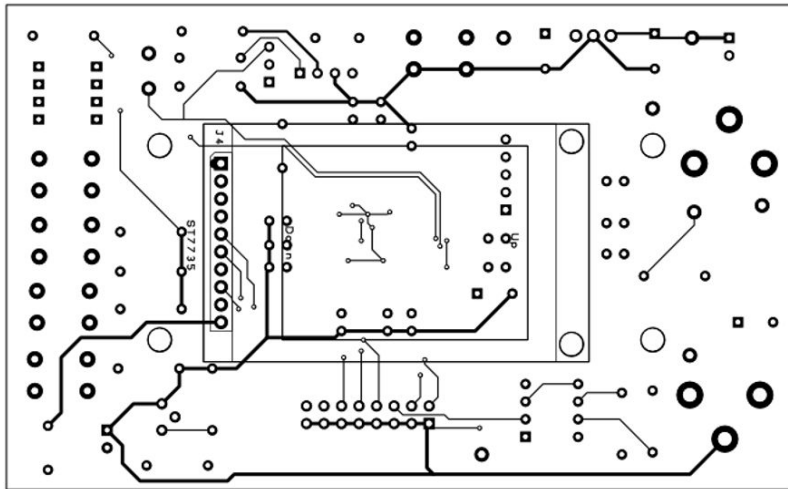
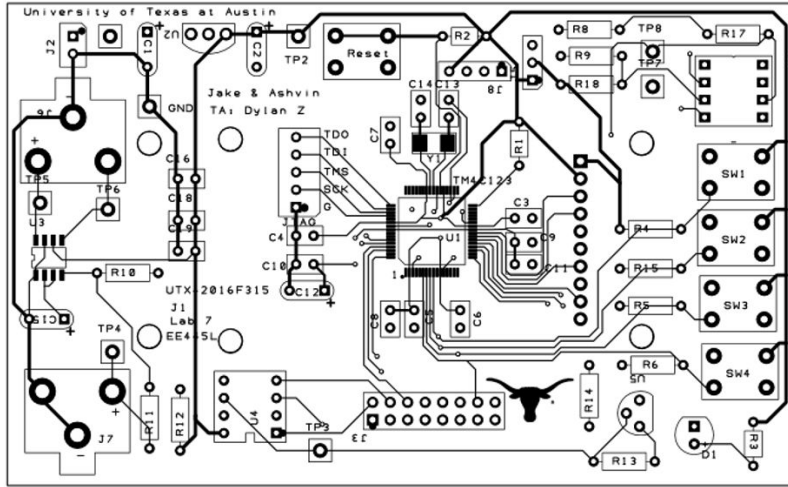
Top Silk



Bottom Silk



Top and Bottom Silk



Measurement Data

Give the estimated current

The estimated currently supply current is 75mAh.

Give the estimated cost

The estimated total cost is \$66.51. The estimated out-of-pocket cost is \$27.21.